

英語の傾向

はじめに

今日の医療の世界では、コミュニケーションに英語が使用され、最先端の知識や技術が瞬時に世界規模で共有される時代となっています。ですから、大学を卒業して医療現場で働くにしろ、研究の道に進むにしろ、専門の知識を深めるためには英語の読み書き能力を備えていることが強く望まれています。

傾向

- 1 マークシート方式による選択式です。
- 2 英語の力を身につけるためには、英語の基礎知識が必要です。そのために、本学の英語の試験は、以下の問題構成となっています。

〔Ⅰ〕 単語の発音とアクセント

母音・子音の発音、動詞の活用語尾や外来語となっている単語の発音等

〔Ⅱ〕 文法問題（4択）

動詞の時制、態（能動態・受動態）、準動詞、仮定法の正しい使い方、形容詞・名詞の類義語の知識等

〔Ⅲ〕 会話文の空所補充

〔Ⅳ〕 並べ換え問題（文章の組み立て）

無生物主語を使った文など、日本語と言葉の並べ方が著しく異なる英文の組み立て等

〔Ⅴ〕 長文読解

本文全体の内容を問う問題だけでなく、本文中の単語の意味や同義語の選択、イディオムの知識を問う問題も含まれています。

- 3 漠然と英文が読み取れるというのではなく、一つ一つの文章を正確に読み書きできることが、すべての問題を解くために必要な条件です。大学入学共通テストよりも時間的に余裕のある構成です。あせらずよく考えれば正解を見つけることができます。

英語

1 次のA, Bの問いに答えなさい。

A 次の問1～3の各組の中に、下線部の発音が他の語と異なるものが1つある。その番号をマークしなさい。

問1

- ① ancient ② actual ③ aged ④ alien

問2

- ① enough ② country ③ amount ④ trouble

問3

- ① attached ② advanced ③ charged ④ finished

B 次の問4～6の各組の中に、最も強く発音する音節の位置が、他の語と異なるものが1つある。その番号をマークしなさい。

問4

- ① of-fer ② com-bine ③ in-clude ④ de-gree

問5

- ① al-co-hol ② am-bi-tious ③ ac-cu-rate ④ av-er-age

問6

- ① de-vel-op-ment ② tech-nol-o-gy ③ com-mu-ni-ty ④ fun-da-men-tal

2

次の問1～7の英文の空所に入れるのに最も適切なものを、それぞれ①～④のうちから1つずつ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

問1

I would like to express my thanks () your kindness.

- ① to ② for ③ by ④ with

問2

“Do you prefer pork or beef?” “I don’t like ().”

- ① all ② none ③ some ④ either

問3

Do you have anything () for this weekend?

- ① plan ② plans ③ planned ④ planning

問4

It’s just a thought, but since it’s such a beautiful day, () don’t we go for a drive?

- ① what ② how ③ why ④ who

問5

She pointed to her watch as a () that it was getting late and she wanted to leave.

- ① result ② sign ③ rule ④ tool

問6

He was an amateur singer until the age of 40, () he turned professional.

- ① which ② what ③ where ④ when

問7

People are beginning to () the prime minister’s choice of advisors.

- ① think ② worry ③ question ④ complain

3

次の会話の空所 ~ に入れるのに最も適切なものを、それぞれ下の①~⑥のうちから1つずつ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

Kelly : Emily! I love your earrings! And you got your hair done!

Emily : Thanks. I had it done at that new place downtown.

Kelly : That's good to know. I've been meaning to get highlights*.

Emily : Yeah, you should. Where do you usually go, by the way?

Kelly : I've been going to her salon since I was a kid.

Emily : That's cool. So, what are you going to wear to the party?

Kelly : Party?

Emily : Anthony's party tonight! Why do you think I had all this done?

(注) highlights : ハイライトカラー (髪の一部に明るい色を入れること)

- ① Maybe I'll try that place.
- ② They're giving some great discount now.
- ③ Actually, my aunt always does my hair for me.
- ④ What are you talking about?
- ⑤ Wow, you look great.
- ⑥ Who are you going with?

4

次の問1～4について、それぞれの日本語と合うように()内の語(句)を並べかえ、
[] 内で3番目に来るものを選び、その番号をマークしなさい。ただし、文頭に来る文字も小文字で示してあります。

問1 子供たちは必ずお腹をすかして学校から帰ってきます。

The children are always hungry when [1].

(① home ② school ③ get ④ from ⑤ they)

問2 このワインは長く保存すればするほど味がよくなります。

[2], the better it tastes.

(① keep ② longer ③ this wine ④ you ⑤ the)

問3 こんな時には、友達に頼るだけではだめで、専門的な知識のある人の助けが必要です。

[3] you need expert help, not just the help your friends can provide.

(① this ② like ③ a ④ at ⑤ time)

問4 その修理をするには、新しいものを買うのとほとんど同じぐらい費用がかかります。

It'll cost [4] it as it would to buy a new one.

(① almost ② repair ③ much ④ to ⑤ as)

5

次の英文を読んで、下の設問に答えなさい。

Traveling abroad can help you learn a lot about different cities, cultures, and cuisines*, but it can also tell you a lot about yourself and your own culture. Of course, travel can be very expensive, but most of the time, the experience is ⁽¹⁾well worth the expense.

Traveling also teaches you how important ⁽²⁾patience is. If you are going to a place where you don't speak the local language, you have to expect to (3) some situations where misunderstandings occur. Furthermore, most places, especially ⁽⁴⁾remote places, have a different way of life than ⁽⁵⁾the one you are used to. Time may feel as if it passes more slowly when you are away from home. But then again, who wants to ⁽⁶⁾rush through a trip?

Travel gives you the chance to see and do things you might not otherwise experience. Every city has museums, historic landmarks*, and parks and plazas and it's fun to seek them out and spend time there. Or if you're feeling a little ⁽⁷⁾overwhelmed by all the newness, you can always do some people watching* from a seat in a coffee shop or at a sidewalk café.

One reason I like traveling so much is that it makes me become more independent. For example, imagine you are in a place where you don't know anyone. If you want someone to talk to, you have to go out and make friends. If you want a recommendation for where to eat, where to shop, or how to get somewhere, you actively seek that information out. You have to overcome your shyness or fear and find the courage to talk to strangers. It's at once a scary and thrilling feeling!

Another reason I like to travel is that it's actually good for the health. Sitting behind a desk all day or doing the same thing over and over again can be stressful, which can lead to all kinds of health ⁽⁸⁾issues if not properly dealt with. But traveling somewhere far away and exotic* can actually help reduce stress. Everything is new when you venture abroad, and can take your mind off your troubles.

(出典 English Indicator 3 南雲堂)

(注) cuisine : 料理

historic landmark : 史跡

people watching : 人間観察

exotic : 異国情緒あふれる

A 次の問1～8に答えなさい。

問1 下線部(1)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① 想像をはるかに超えた価値がある
- ② 思い切って踏み出すことが必要だ
- ③ お金を使う価値が十分ある
- ④ お金ではとうてい測れない

問2 下線部(2)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① 決断力
- ② 集中力
- ③ 好奇心
- ④ 忍耐力

問3 空所 (3) に入る語句として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① run into
- ② depend on
- ③ give up
- ④ look for

問4 下線部(4)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① places that one has never visited
- ② places that a lot of people visit
- ③ places that are important historically
- ④ places that are far away and difficult to get to

問5 下線部(5)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① 昔のなつかしい生活スタイル
- ② 慣れた生活スタイル
- ③ 理想の生活スタイル
- ④ 便利な生活スタイル

問6 下線部(6)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① enjoy
- ② stay
- ③ hurry
- ④ rest

問7 下線部(7)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① 感動させられる
- ② がっかりさせられる
- ③ 侮辱される
- ④ 圧倒される

問8 下線部(8)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① discussions ② benefits ③ problems ④ solutions

B 本文の内容と合致しないものを、次の①～⑥のうちから2つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。
(解答の順序は問いません。) ・

- ① Traveling abroad helps you learn about yourself and your own culture.
② Time always seems to fly so fast when you are traveling.
③ There are things you can never experience unless you travel.
④ If you are tired of sightseeing, you can simply enjoy yourself by sitting and watching people.
⑤ The author is too afraid to talk to strangers when traveling.
⑥ Being somewhere far away and exotic can help relieve stress.

英語

1 次のA, Bの問いに答えなさい。

A 次の問1～3の各組の中に、下線部の発音が他の語と異なるものが1つある。その番号をマークしなさい。

問1

- ① bread ② jealousy ③ measure ④ great

問2

- ① moment ② abroad ③ audience ④ law

問3

- ① expand ② exact ③ extinct ④ extreme

B 次の問4～6の各組の中に、最も強く発音する音節の位置が、他の語と異なるものが1つある。その番号をマークしなさい。

問4

- ① leg-end ② tri-umph ③ re-ply ④ vol-ume

問5

- ① fas-ci-nate ② foun-da-tion ③ en-cour-age ④ ho-ri-zon

問6

- ① ar-ti-fi-cial ② con-serv-a-tive ③ u-ni-ver-sal ④ in-de-pend-ent

2 次の問1～7の英文の空所に入れるのに最も適切なものを、それぞれ①～④のうちから1つずつ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

問1

The manager was () with the product because of its excellent quality.

- ① satisfy ② satisfying ③ satisfied ④ satisfaction

問2

Use up all of this milk before it () bad.

- ① goes ② went ③ will go ④ will have gone

問3

Our teacher () us learn fifty new words every week.

- ① asks ② tells ③ teaches ④ makes

問4

No agreement has yet been reached and the negotiations are still () on.

- ① coming ② doing ③ going ④ talking

問5

At first they hated each other, but after a few years they () getting married.

- ① ended up ② gave up ③ grew up ④ caught up

問6

Security is not a problem as () as you never give anyone your password.

- ① much ② well ③ long ④ soon

問7

We didn't expect such a large () of people to attend the concert.

- ① amount ② number ③ size ④ level

3

次の会話の空所 ~ に入れるのに最も適切なものを、それぞれ下の①~⑥のうちから1つずつ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

Andy and Mari are talking on the phone.

Andy : Hi, Mari. Can I ask you a favor?

Mari : Sure!

Andy : Well, I'm planning to go to Kyoto, but I'm having a hard time booking my hotel.

Mari : Really? Why?

Andy : Well, the hotel's website is only in Japanese. Could you help me with it?

Mari : No problem. Actually, this is very good timing! I can't understand the meaning of a sentence in my English homework.

Andy : Of course not!

Mari : So, when are you going to Kyoto?

Andy : Next month.

Mari : Don't worry! You'll be fine.

Andy : Thanks! See you soon.

- ① Would you mind helping me with it?
- ② I can't understand it.
- ③ Why don't I come over right now to help you?
- ④ I'm looking forward to it.
- ⑤ What is it?
- ⑥ I'm really worried about using Japanese there.

4

次の問1～4について、それぞれの日本語と合うように（ ）内の語（句）を並べかえた場合、[]内で3番目に来るものを選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

問1 私たちの国は、森林が国土の半分以上を占めています。

In our country, forests cover [1].

(① the land ② more ③ of ④ half ⑤ than)

問2 私たちはその問題について、何をしたらよいか話し合った。

We discussed [2].

(① about ② do ③ to ④ the issue ⑤ what)

問3 一人暮らしを始めたばかりの頃はよく寂しいと思いました。

When I started [3], I often felt lonely.

(① my ② live ③ to ④ own ⑤ on)

問4 私はバスに乗った後で、携帯電話を忘れて来たことに気づいた。

After getting on the bus, I found that I [4] with me.

(① to ② had ③ my cellphone ④ bring ⑤ forgotten)

5

次の英文を読んで、下の設問に答えなさい。

Humans are the only animals that keep pets. Why do people get pets? In a relationship between a human and a pet, it's the pet that gets the most obvious benefits. A dog or cat will get a free home, food, and healthcare for life. ⁽¹⁾With the exception of guard dogs, humans do not seem to get tangible* benefits in return. However, people are social animals and so we can get intangible benefits. Whether you own a pet or not, you probably agree that dogs and cats are cute. Such cuteness brings us pleasure.

For many years, there have been ⁽²⁾conflicting studies regarding whether owning a pet dog, in particular, has health benefits for the human owner. In 2017, a new study concluded that there are indeed health benefits for owners of dogs.

Over a twelve-year period, 3.4 million Swedish adults participated in the study. They ranged in (3) from 40 to 80 years old. The study concluded that people who own dogs have a lower risk of heart disease. This is an important finding considering that the ⁽⁴⁾leading cause of death worldwide is heart disease.

There are two reasons that owning a dog was proven to be good for health. One reason is that dogs provide social support. Single people living alone and elderly people benefit the most from ⁽⁵⁾the companionship of a dog. It has been linked to lower blood pressure. Secondly, dog owners are more active. They are more likely than non-owners to go outside for a walk on a daily basis. ⁽⁶⁾This is especially true in cold or rainy weather. In addition, those people who suffer from an illness or physical injury are more motivated to be active and as a result, are more likely to have a successful rehabilitation.

One limitation of the Swedish study is that it cannot ⁽⁷⁾confirm whether dog owners are active people even without dogs as pets. In other words, ⁽⁸⁾it is possible that some dog owners do not need the motivation of a dog to go outside and be active. Perhaps active people are more likely to get a dog as a pet, while inactive people consider taking care of a dog a ⁽⁹⁾burden.

To ensure a healthy and happy pet, we need to exercise a dog. We need to take a dog out for walks every day. Humans benefit from this daily practice. By taking proper care of a dog, you are also taking care of yourself.

(出典 リーディング・クエスト — 科学技術の多様な側面を考える 三修社)

(注) tangible: 具体的な, 明白な (↔ intangible)

A 次の問1～9に答えなさい。

問1 下線部(1)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① Thanks to
- ② According to
- ③ Rather than
- ④ Apart from

問2 下線部(2)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① 相反する
- ② 類似した
- ③ 補完し合う
- ④ 一連の

問3 空所 (3) に入る語として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① age
- ② value
- ③ size
- ④ date

問4 下線部(4)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① latest
- ② most common
- ③ most unique
- ④ least-known

問5 下線部(5)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① 犬の感覚が鋭いこと
- ② 犬が人に忠実であること
- ③ 犬がそばにいてくれること
- ④ 犬の知能が高いこと

問6 下線部(6)の内容と合致するものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① Dog owners are probably less active than non-owners on cold or rainy days.
- ② Dog owners are probably more active than non-owners on cold or rainy days.
- ③ Dog owners are probably less active on cold or rainy days than on warm or sunny days.
- ④ Dog owners are probably more active on cold or rainy days than on warm or sunny days.

問7 下線部(7)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① 無視する ② 考慮する ③ 確定する ④ 言及する

問8 下線部(8)が言おうとしている内容として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① 犬の飼い主の中には犬を飼うことがきっかけで積極的に外出するようになった人がいる。
② 犬の飼い主の中には犬を飼っていることに関係なく元々活動的な人がいる。
③ 犬の飼い主の中には犬を散歩に連れて行く気が起こらない人がいる。
④ 犬の飼い主の中には犬が嫌がっても散歩に連れ出そうとする人がいる。

問9 下線部(9)の意味として最も適切なものを、次の①～④のうちから1つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。

- ① 奉仕 ② 義務 ③ 特権 ④ 重荷

B 本文の内容と合致しないものを、次の①～⑥のうちから2つ選び、その番号をマークしなさい。
(解答の順序は問いません。) ・

- ① Humans no doubt get benefits from keeping pets, but the benefits pets get are not so obvious.
② The Swedish study was conducted during the period of twelve years, and 3.4 million adults took part in it.
③ There is a connection between having a dog as a pet and lower blood pressure.
④ The study found that dog owners have a lower risk of heart disease.
⑤ When dog owners suffer from an illness or physical injury, their dogs often get in the way of their recovery.
⑥ To make sure that your dog is healthy and happy, you need to take it out for walks every day.